

GENERAL PEDIATRIC CLINIC / ELEMENTARY SCHOOL VISIT (See 2nd page for Anticipatory Guidance for Elementary School Visit)

Comple	tion of this form is volun	tary.			-			,				
D. Signé Norma				Date of	Birth	Age	Height	Weight	ВМІ	Toda	ay's Date	
Accompanied by					11		<u> </u>		BP			
Urinaly	Unio - O	- 0.1/4										
					e Culture				Pulse	Pulse		
Vision	R. /	L.	1	Color			Hearing Gross			Audiogram		
Parental Concerns												
					Adjustment to Clinic Visit							
					booMi							
Living Situation School and Grade: Adjustment												
					Intensity	to Read	tions					
					Speech and Language							
					Dental Referral							
Cv4						Cicitat						
Extracurricular Activities: Hobbies, Sports Eating Habits					Note – Present (+) or Absent (-) as Appropriate (Cross off parts not examined or not applicable)							
					Part			not examined of n	ot applicable	e) N	Abn	
					Skin: Colo							
					Head: Symmetry, scalp, hair Eyes: OM, pupils, comea, conjunctiviae							
Seneral F		Ears: Pinnae, canals, tympanic membranes										
Gertelat neatm					Nose: Nares and turbinates Mouth: Tongue, gums, number of teeth ()						Ţ	
					Throat: Pharynx, tonsils						 	
					Neck: Movements, thyroid						 	
				1.0	Nodes: Axillary cervical, inguinal, submandibular Check: Expansion, breast tissue							
'arents' [ungs:	pansion,	Dreast tissue			 	1				
Environment, Attention Span, Distractibility, Peer Relationships Problems Identified and Reviewed					Heart: Rhythm S1, S2, murmur						 	
					Abdomen: Contour, LSK mass						1	
					Genitourinary: Vagina, testes, urethral orifice, hernia Neuromuscular: Equilibrium, motor strength, sensory,							
					Coordination, cranial nerves, DTRs, Babinski							
					Spine: Posture, hip and shoulder levels							
					Extremities: Gait, range of motion of joints Anus: Rectal							
							it: (Describe)			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
'nysicai a	and Emotional Status						l findings.			<u> </u>	1	
				 P:	arente In	faraction	ns with Child	Obs = Observ		,		
12-4					2101163 [[1	teraction	is with Child	F = Father			ved here	
iet ·					ctivity					Obs	NO*	
Anticipatory Guidance: Consistency of approach, guidance, need for					akes eye ouches cl							
praise, independence, allowance, modeling of behavior, responsibilities and role in family, honesty and ownership, fears and fantasies, television. School responsibilities, punctuality, home work, sex education, literature or parents and child. Safety: Cars, bikes, guns, water. Dental Care:					overs ove					 	 	
					Spontaneously identifies positive qualities							
					Reassures child who is unsure of situation						 	
					Limits activity by verbal command						 	
					Limits activity by physical command							
10kl A	IDE D						lking to child			İ	†	
SIGNATOR	GNATURE — Provider Date Signed				Gives simple, short directions/explanations						1	
					Reinforces through approval and attention							
					Terminates activity with some forewarning Allows child to answer for self					 		
Return to clinic in months.					iterriinte	o to ansv child's co	ver for self nversation	÷		1	-	
					mits child					+	+	
					ther Obs					<u> </u>		
				<u>_</u>			Phonon of the control					
). D	evelopm	ent and	Parent-Child	nteractions				
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Elementary — Anticipatory Guidance

Modeling of behavior by the parents probably influences the child more than anything they can say. The parents must be consistent in what they do and expect the child to do. Questions, limits, need to be explained in reasonable terms, and now that the child is beginning to be able to do abstract thinking, explanations of choices and consequences can be understood. Independence and responsibilities need to be nurtured and gradually given according to the capabilities of the child. Some limits still need to be firmly set. The child still has fears and fantasies that may not have been resolved, but they should be distinguished from necessary fear of real danger. The younger school-age child may still be in the stage of mixing fantasy and truth. Explanations rather than punishment may be more appropriate at this stage of development.

The responsibility for school-related activities should be gradually shifted from parent to child. Sex education may be offered in school but the parent should find out what is taught and what the child understands. If the parent cannot discuss the subject comfortably, then the health professional should offer books for the parents and/or child or talk directly with the child. Night ejaculation, masturbation, premenstrual vaginal discharge, as well as the secondary sex changes, can be discussed with the child during examination of the genitalia and breasts. Gynecomastia may cause problems, especially in an obese boy, and the child needs to be reassured of his sexual identity.

Safety

Accidents lead all diseases as the cause of death in this age group. Talking directly to the child and often without having discussed the subject with the parent is probably most effective with child. Bicycles are owned and ridden by every child. Safety check of bikes, helmets, and rules on the road should be strongly reinforced. Water safety, cars, boats, guns, etc., should be discussed if appropriate for this child. First aid in the form of thorough cleaning of all wounds should be mentioned.

Dental Care

Dental care related to diet and brushing should be reinforced when checking the teeth. Remind the child that the permanent teeth have no good substitutes. Dental referral should be made.